Perusahaan Perseroan (Persero) PT Aneka Tambang Tbk And Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements And Independent Auditors' Report For The Years Ended December 31, 2001 And 2000 (Indonesian Currency)

Independent Auditors' Report

Report No. 36947S

The Stockholders and the Boards of Commissioners and Directors **Perusahaan Perseroan (Persero) PT Aneka Tambang Tbk**

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Perusahaan Perseroan (Persero) PT Aneka Tambang Tbk and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards established by the Indonesian Institute of Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Perusahaan Perseroan (Persero) PT Aneka Tambang Tbk and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the results of their operations, changes in their stockholders' equity and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in Indonesia.

As explained in Note 2t to the consolidated financial statements, effective January 1, 2001, the Company adopted the Indonesian Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) No. 55, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities".

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Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements includes a summary of the effects of the economic conditions in Indonesia on the Company and its Subsidiaries as well as the measures the Company and its Subsidiaries have implemented and plan to implement in response to the economic conditions. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the effects of the economic conditions to the extent they can be determined and estimated. Resolution of the economic conditions depends on the measures that have been and will be undertaken by the Indonesian government, actions which are beyond the Company's and Subsidiaries' control, to achieve economic recovery. It is not possible to determine the future effects of these economic conditions on the Company's and its Subsidiaries' liquidity and earnings.

Generally accepted accounting principles in Indonesia vary in certain respects from those in Australia. A description of the significant difference between these two generally accepted accounting principles and the approximate effects of this difference on net income and stockholders' equity are set forth in Notes 30 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRASETIO, UTOMO & CO.

License No. 98.2.0024

Drs. Hari Purwantono License No. 98.1.0065

March 4, 2002

NOTICE TO READERS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended to present the financial position, results of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in Indonesia and not those of any other jurisdiction. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in Indonesia.

PERUSAHAAN PERSEROAN (PERSERO) PT ANEKA TAMBANG Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except Par Value and Share Data)

	December 31,				
		2001		2000	
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2c, 3 and 17)	Rp	801,746,726	Rp	706,778,196	
Proceeds account (Notes 4 and 17)		72,356,325		162,094,110	
Short-term investments - net (Notes 2d and 5)		3,288,171		2,932,070	
Accounts receivable		100 155 051			
Trade (Notes 2e, 6 and 13)		136,157,051		79,873,967	
Others - Net of allowance for doubtful accounts		44.070.447		44 040 540	
of Rp 2,142,834 (<i>Note</i> 2e)		11,270,447		14,313,543	
Inventories (Notes 2g, 7, 13 and 17)		256,503,829 25,178,812		238,948,732	
Prepaid taxes (<i>Note 8</i>) Prepaid expenses (<i>Note 2h</i>)		21,346,628		41,450,880 14,311,431	
Other current assets		183,346		1,268,815	
Other current assets		103,340		1,200,013	
Total Current Assets		1,328,031,335		1,261,971,744	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Investment in shares of stock (<i>Notes 2b, 9 and 17</i>)		30,929,169		30,929,169	
Property, plant and equipment - Net of accumulated depreciation of Rp 504,316,871 in 2001 and Rp 406,844,850 in 2000		,,		,,	
(Notes 2i, 2j, 2k, 2u, 10, 13 and 17)		1,048,841,922		1,080,326,936	
Deferred exploration and development costs - net					
(Notes 2o and 11)		111,186,728		106,396,113	
Deferred charges - net (<i>Notes 2m, 2n and 12</i>) Deferred environmental protection and		14,985,238		16,587,858	
rehabilitation costs - net (<i>Note 2p</i>)		8,001,551		8,949,694	
Other non-current assets		13,534,911		11,175,564	
Total Non-Current Assets		1,227,479,519		1,254,365,334	
TOTAL ASSETS	Rp	2,555,510,854	Rp	2,516,337,078	

PERUSAHAAN PERSEROAN (PERSERO) PT ANEKA TAMBANG Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

(In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except Par Value and Share Data)

	December 31,				
	-	2001		2000	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	-				
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Short-term bank loans (<i>Notes 6, 7, 10 and 13</i>) Accounts payable	Rp	131,617,184	Rp	131,332,690	
Trade (Notes 2f, 14 and 25)					
Third parties		44,509,890		41,750,398	
Related parties		16,576,628		3,144,225	
Others		10,102,590		5,729,351	
Accrued expenses (Notes 2q, 15 and 24)		74,905,166		67,993,005	
Taxes payable (Notes 2v and 16)		64,760,447		166,055,571	
Current maturities of long-term debts (<i>Notes 4, 7,</i>		0= 0=0 004			
10 and 17)		87,850,281		79,957,993	
Current portion of estimated liabilities for					
environmental protection and rehabilitation (Notes 2p, 18 and 27b)		3,042,360		2,971,542	
(Notes 2p, 10 and 21b)		3,042,300		2,971,042	
Total Current Liabilities		433,364,546		498,934,775	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax liabilities - net (Notes 2v and 16)		80,730,731		80,014,761	
Long-term debts - Net of current maturities					
(Notes 4, 7, 10 and 17)		84,007,801		156,917,098	
Estimated liabilities for environmental					
protection and rehabilitation - Net of current portion (<i>Notes 2p, 18 and 27b</i>)		31,475,702		21,131,764	
current portion (Notes 2p, To and 27b)		31,473,702	-	21,131,704	
Total Non-Current Liabilities		196,214,234		258,063,623	
		_			
MINORITY INTERESTS IN CONSOLIDATED					
SUBSIDIARIES (Note 2b)		6,206,919		9,031,698	
			-		

PERUSAHAAN PERSEROAN (PERSERO) PT ANEKA TAMBANG Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

(In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except Par Value and Share Data)

		Decemb	per 31,			
	-	2001		2000		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Capital stock - par value of Rp 500 per share (<i>Note 19</i>) Authorized - 1 preferred share and 3,199,999,999 common shares Issued and fully paid - 1 preferred share and						
1,230,768,999 common shares	Rp	615,384,500	Rp	615,384,500		
Additional paid-in capital (<i>Note 19</i>) Difference in foreign currency translation (<i>Note 2b</i>) Unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments		340,987,784 34,911,838		340,987,784 32,427,628		
(Notes 2d and 5) Retained earnings (Note 26)		505,670		149,569		
Appropriated		569,780,020		378,202,540		
Unappropriated		358,155,343		383,154,961		
Total Stockholders' Equity		1,919,725,155		1,750,306,982		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	Rp	2,555,510,854	Rp	2,516,337,078		

PERUSAHAAN PERSEROAN (PERSERO) PT ANEKA TAMBANG Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except Par Value and Share Data)

2001 2000 NET SALES (Notes 2s, 2t and 20) Rp 1,735,224,110 Rp 1,566,308,952 COST OF GOODS SOLD (Notes 2s and 21) 1,091,098,879 860,274,905 GROSS PROFIT 644,125,231 706,034,047 OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 2s and 22) General and administrative 96,235,749 106,248,714 Selling 38,887,622 34,932,562 Exploration (Notes 2o and 11) 37,980,214 27,572,757 Total Operating Expenses 173,103,585 168,754,033 INCOME FROM OPERATIONS 471,021,646 537,280,014 OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) Interest income 51,288,121 32,463,292 Gain on derivative transactions - net (Notes 2t and 27c) 16,394,145 - (18,394,145 7,689,063) Other assets (7,459,846) (7,689,063) Geology service expense - net (Note 2u) 2,200,883 39,173,668 Amortization of deferred environmental protection and rehabilitation costs (Note 2p) 948,143 (948,143) Pension expense (Note 2q) (2,301,930) 12,285,533 Other Income - Net 32,826,372 10,616,211 INCOME EFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) 503,848,018 547,896,225 INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) (Notes 2v and 16) 148,346,800 173,869,437 Deferred 149,062,769 167,364,802 Defe		For The Years Ended December 31,				
COST OF GOODS SOLD (Notes 2s and 21) 1,091,098,879 860,274,905 GROSS PROFIT 644,125,231 706,034,047 OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 2s and 22) 36,235,749 106,248,714 General and administrative 96,235,749 106,248,714 Selling 38,887,622 34,932,562 Exploration (Notes 2o and 11) 37,980,214 27,572,757 Total Operating Expenses 173,103,585 168,754,033 INCOME FROM OPERATIONS 471,021,646 537,280,014 OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) 1 1 32,463,292 Gain on derivative transactions - net (Notes 2t and 27c) 16,394,145 - - Interest expense 18,997,753 25,420,640 - Write-Off of other assets 7,459,846 7,689,063 - Geology service expense - net (Sain (loss) on foreign exchange - net (Note 2u) 2,2947,339 7,434,869 - Amortization of deferred environmental protection and rehabilitation costs (Note 2p) 948,143 948,143 - Pension expense (Note 2q) 2 948,143 948,143 - -		-	2001		2000	
GROSS PROFIT 644,125,231 706,034,047 OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 2s and 22) General and administrative 96,235,749 106,248,714 Selling 38,887,622 34,932,562 Exploration (Notes 2o and 11) 37,980,214 27,572,757 Total Operating Expenses 173,103,585 168,754,033 INCOME FROM OPERATIONS 471,021,646 537,280,014 OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) Interest income 51,288,121 32,463,292 Gain on derivative transactions - net (Notes 2t and 27c) 16,394,145 - Interest expense 18,997,753) 25,420,640 Write-off of other assets 7,459,846 7,689,063 Geology service expense - net (Sain (loss) on foreign exchange - net (Note 2u) 2,947,339 7,434,869 Amortization of deferred environmental protection and rehabilitation costs (Note 2p) 948,143 948,143 948,143 Pension expense (Note 2q) - 31,813,567 31,813,567 Other Income - Net 32,826,372 10,616,211 INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) 503,848,018	NET SALES (Notes 2s, 2t and 20)	Rp	1,735,224,110	Rp	1,566,308,952	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 2s and 22) General and administrative 96,235,749 106,248,714 Selling 38,887,622 34,932,562 Exploration (Notes 2o and 11) 37,980,214 27,572,757 Total Operating Expenses 173,103,585 168,754,033 INCOME FROM OPERATIONS 471,021,646 537,280,014 OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) Interest income 51,288,121 32,463,292 Gain on derivative transactions - net (Notes 2t and 27c) 16,394,145 - Interest expense (18,997,753) 25,420,640) Write-off of other assets (7,459,846) 7,689,063 Geology service expense - net (Notes 2v and 2v) (2,947,339) 7,434,869 Gain (loss) on foreign exchange - net (Note 2u) (2,200,883) 39,173,668 Amortization of deferred environmental protection and rehabilitation costs (Note 2p) 948,143) (948,143) Pension expense (Note 2q) (2,301,930) 12,285,533 Other Income - Net 32,826,372 10,616,211 INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) 503,848,018 547,896,225	COST OF GOODS SOLD (Notes 2s and 21)		1,091,098,879		860,274,905	
General and administrative 96,235,749 106,248,714 Selling 38,887,622 34,932,562 Exploration (Notes 20 and 11) 37,980,214 27,572,757 Total Operating Expenses 173,103,585 168,754,033 INCOME FROM OPERATIONS 471,021,646 537,280,014 OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) Interest income 51,288,121 32,463,292 Gain on derivative transactions - net (Notes 2t and 27c) 16,394,145 - Interest expense (18,997,753) 25,420,640 Write-off of other assets (7,459,846) 7,689,063 Geology service expense - net 2,947,339) 7,434,869 Gain (loss) on foreign exchange - net (Note 2u) 2,200,883 39,173,668 Amortization of deferred environmental protection and rehabilitation costs (Note 2p) 948,143) 948,143) Pension expense (Note 2q) - (31,813,567) 31,813,567 Other Income - Net 32,826,372 10,616,211 INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) 503,848,018 547,896,225 INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) (Notes 2v and 16) 148,346,800 173,869,437 Current 148,346,800	GROSS PROFIT		644,125,231		706,034,047	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS 471,021,646 537,280,014	General and administrative Selling		38,887,622 37,980,214		34,932,562 27,572,757	
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) Interest income 51,288,121 32,463,292 Gain on derivative transactions - net (Notes 2t and 27c) 16,394,145 - Interest expense (18,997,753) 25,420,640 Write-off of other assets (7,459,846) 7,689,063 Geology service expense - net (2,947,339) 7,434,869 Gain (loss) on foreign exchange - net (Note 2u) (2,200,883) 39,173,668 Amortization of deferred environmental protection and rehabilitation costs (Note 2p) (948,143) (948,143) 948,143) Pension expense (Note 2q) (2,301,930) 12,285,533 Others - net (2,301,930) 12,285,533 Other Income - Net 32,826,372 10,616,211 INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) (Notes 2v and 16) 503,848,018 547,896,225 INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) (Notes 2v and 16) 148,346,800 173,869,437 Deferred 715,969 6,504,635)	Total Operating Expenses		173,103,585		168,754,033	
Interest income	INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		471,021,646		537,280,014	
(Notes 2t and 27c)	Interest income		51,288,121		32,463,292	
protection and rehabilitation costs (<i>Note 2p</i>) (948,143) (948,143) (948,143) (Pension expense (<i>Note 2q</i>) - (31,813,567) Others - net (2,301,930) 12,285,533 Other Income - Net 32,826,372 10,616,211 INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) (Notes 2v and 16) Current 148,346,800 173,869,437 Deferred 148,346,800 6,504,635)	(Notes 2t and 27c) Interest expense Write-off of other assets Geology service expense - net Gain (loss) on foreign exchange - net (Note 2u)	(18,997,753) 7,459,846) 2,947,339)	(7,689,063) 7,434,869)	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) 503,848,018 547,896,225 INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) (Notes 2v and 16) Current 148,346,800 173,869,437 Deferred 715,969 (6,504,635)	protection and rehabilitation costs (<i>Note 2p</i>) Pension expense (<i>Note 2q</i>)	(-	(31,813,567)	
(BENEFIT) 503,848,018 547,896,225 INCOME TAX PROVISION (BENEFIT) (Notes 2v and 16) (Notes 2v and 16) 148,346,800 173,869,437 Deferred 715,969 (6,504,635)	Other Income - Net		32,826,372		10,616,211	
(Notes 2v and 16) Current 148,346,800 173,869,437 Deferred 715,969 (6,504,635)	(BENEFIT)		503,848,018		547,896,225	
Deferred 715,969 (6,504,635)	(Notes 2v and 16)					
Total 149,062,769 167,364,802				(
	Total		149,062,769		167,364,802	

PERUSAHAAN PERSEROAN (PERSERO) PT ANEKA TAMBANG Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Continued)

(In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except Par Value and Share Data)

	For The Years Ended December 31,						
		2001		2000			
INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTERESTS IN NET LOSS OF SUBSIDIARIES	Rp	354,785,249	Rp	380,531,423			
MINORITY INTERESTS IN NET LOSS OF SUBSIDIARIES (Note 2b)		3,370,094		2,623,538			
NET INCOME	Rp	358,155,343	Rp	383,154,961			
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 2w)	Rp	291	Rp	311.31			

PERUSAHAAN PERSEROAN (PERSERO) PT ANEKA TAMBANG Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In Thousands Of Rupiah)

For The Years Ended December 31, 2001 And 2000

		Canital		۸ ماماند: م.م. ما		ference in		ealized	Retained Earnings		gs			
		Capital Stock		Additional aid-in Capital		gn Currency anslation		Available- Investments	Α	ppropriated	Un	appropriated		Total
Balance, January 1, 2000	Rp	615,384,500	Rp	340,987,784	Rp	23,004,145	Rp	-	Rp	233,933,245	Rp	234,344,522	Rp	1,447,654,196
Net income		-		-		-		-		-		383,154,961		383,154,961
Appropriation for general reserve		-		-		-		-		144,269,295	(144,269,295)		-
Difference in foreign currency translation (<i>Note 2b</i>)		-		-		9,423,483		-		-		-		9,423,483
Cash dividends declared (Note 26)		-		-		-		-		-	(90,075,227)	(90,075,227)
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments		-		-		-		149,569		-		-		149,569
Balance, December 31, 2000		615,384,500		340,987,784		32,427,628		149,569		378,202,540		383,154,961		1,750,306,982
Net income		-		-		-		-		-		358,155,343		358,155,343
Appropriation for general reserve		-		-		-		-		191,577,480	(191,577,480)		-
Difference in foreign currency translation (<i>Note 2b</i>)		-		-		2,484,210		-		-		-		2,484,210
Cash dividends declared (Note 26)		-		-		-		-		-	(191,577,481)	(191,577,481)
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments		-		-		-		356,101		-		-		356,101
Balance, December 31, 2001	Rp	615,384,500	Rp	340,987,784	Rp	34,911,838	Rp	505,670	Rp	569,780,020	Rp	358,155,343	Rp	1,919,725,155

PERUSAHAAN PERSEROAN (PERSERO) PT ANEKA TAMBANG Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands Of Rupiah)

	For The Years Ended December 31,				
		2001		2000	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees	Rp (1,695,337,127 1,051,952,333)	Rp (1,585,480,714 831,072,123)	
Cash provided by operating activities Payment of interest expense Payment of income taxes Cash receipt from insurance Gain on foreign exchange due to restatement of cash and cash equivalents	(643,384,794 19,889,280) 241,066,151) 3,083,547 56,244,412		754,408,591 28,015,451) 41,812,110) 8,286,534 132,607,484	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		441,757,322		825,475,048	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Net deductions in (additions to): Deferred exploration and development costs Deferred charges Other assets Loans to employees Placements in short-term investment	(90,108,151) 26,470,413) 7,602,791) 2,359,347)	(98,301,520) 32,658,897) 17,538,735) 4,216,029 18,690,535 2,304,147)	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(126,540,702)	(127,896,735)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of short-term bank loans Repayment of long-term debts Payments of cash dividends Deduction from (addition to) proceeds account	(27,767,746) 90,640,648) 191,577,481) 89,737,785	(53,670,079) 78,528,673) 90,075,227) 162,094,110)	
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(220,248,090)	(384,368,089)	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		94,968,530		313,210,224	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		706,778,196		393,567,972	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	Rp	801,746,726	Rp	706,778,196	

For The Years Ended December 31, 2001 And 2000 (In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except As Otherwise Stated)

1. GENERAL

Perusahaan Perseroan (Persero) PT Aneka Tambang Tbk (the "Company") was established and began commercial operations on July 5, 1968 based on Government Regulation No. 22 of 1968, as published in the State Gazette No. 36 dated July 5, 1968, under the name "Perusahaan Negara (PN) Aneka Tambang". On June 14, 1974, based on Government Regulation No. 26 of 1974, the status of "Perusahaan Negara (PN) Aneka Tambang" was changed from that of a state-owned corporation ("perusahaan negara") to that of a state-owned limited liability corporation ("perusahaan persero") and the Company has since been known as "Perusahaan Perseroan (Persero) PT Aneka Tambang".

The Company's Articles of Association was last amended by Notarial Deed No. 29 of A. Partomuan Pohan, S.H., LL.M., dated July 29, 1999, concerning, among others, the change in its name to "Perusahaan Perseroan (Persero) PT Aneka Tambang Tbk", also known as "PT Antam Tbk". This amendment was approved by the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Indonesia in its Decision Letter No. C-17329.HT.01.04-TH.99 dated October 6, 1999.

According to Article 3 of the Company's Articles of Association, its scope of activities comprises mining of natural deposits, manufacturing, trading, transportation and other services related to mining.

The Company's head office is located in Jakarta. Currently, the Company operates six mines located in Kijang, Bintan Island, Riau (bauxite); Pomalaa, Sulawesi Tenggara (nickel); Gebe Island, Maluku (nickel); Gee Island, Maluku (nickel); Cilacap, Central Java (iron sand); and Pongkor Mountain, Bogor, West Java (gold). The Company also operates a precious metal refinery and a geology unit in Jakarta. In addition, PT Antam Resourcindo, the subsidiary of International Antam Resources Limited (IARL), the Company's Canadian subsidiary, owns several mining rights and operates a gold mine in Cikidang, West Java. PT Antam Resourcindo started its operating activities on July 16, 1997. As of December 31, 2001, IARL has total assets of Can\$ 7,101,960 or equivalent to Rp 46,475,220 and is currently engaged in the exploration and development of mineral properties.

Since November 27, 1997, all the Company's shares are listed on the stock exchanges in Indonesia. Starting August 9, 1999, the Company's shares have also been traded on the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) in "CHESS Units of Foreign Securities (CUFS)" where each unit of CUFS is equivalent to five (5) common shares. A total of 246,153,799 CUFS units could be traded on the ASX representing 1,230,768,999 series B common shares.

As of December 31, 2001, the members of the Company's boards of Commissioners and Directors are as follows:

Commissioners

- Prof.Dr. Ir. Firman M.U. Tamboen, M. Eng. (President Commissioner)
- Drs. A. Gunawan Suratno
- Drs. Dioko Darmono
- Ir. Supriatna Suhala, MSc
- Ir. S. Suryantoro, MSc

Directors

- Ir. D. Aditya Sumanagara (President Director)
- Ir. Harsojo Dihardjo
- Drs. Ki Agus Umar Tochfa
- Drs. Ismail Tangka
- Ir. Subagyo

For The Years Ended December 31, 2001 And 2000 (In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except As Otherwise Stated)

Salaries and other compensation benefits incurred for the Company's Directors and Commissioners amounted to Rp 8,245,062 and Rp 6,017,122 in 2001 and 2000, respectively.

The Company and its Subsidiaries have a total of 3,593 and 3,811 permanent employees in 2001 and 2000, respectively (unaudited).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared following accounting principles generally accepted in Indonesia (Indonesian GAAP), which vary in certain respects from those in Australia (Australian GAAP). A description of the significant difference between these two generally accepted accounting principles and its approximate effects on net income and stockholders' equity are set forth in Notes 30 and 31 in order to conform more closely to the form and content of financial statements required in filings with the ASX.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting, except for gold and silver inventories which are valued at net realizable value and other inventories which are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and certain property, plant and equipment which are stated at revalued amounts.

The consolidated statements of cash flows present receipts and payments of cash and cash equivalents classified into operating, investing and financing activities.

b. Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its 82%-owned subsidiary, IARL, a publicly-listed company in Canada. IARL owns 99.99% of PT Antam Resourcindo, a local company acting as IARL's Indonesian operating subsidiary.

The accounts of IARL are translated into Rupiah amounts on the following bases:

Balance sheet accounts - Middle rate at balance sheet date (Can\$ 1 to Rp 6,544 in 2001 and Rp 6,389 in 2000) (full amounts)

Profit and loss accounts - Average rate for 2001 and 2000 at Rp 6,620 and Rp 5,729 to Can\$ 1, respectively (full amounts)

The resulting difference arising from the translation of balance sheet and profit and loss accounts is presented as "Difference in Foreign Currency Translation" under the Stockholders' Equity section in the consolidated balance sheets.

All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Investments in Contract of Work (CoW) companies are recorded based on the fair value of assets transferred to a CoW company or interest received by the Company, whichever is more determinable.

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Investments in which the Company or its Subsidiaries have an ownership interest of at least 20% but not exceeding 50% are accounted for under the equity method whereby the cost of investment is increased or decreased by the Company's or Subsidiaries' share in the net earnings (losses) of the investees since the date of acquisition. Equity in net earnings (losses) is being adjusted for the straight-line amortization, over a 5-year period, of the difference between the cost of such investment and the Company's or Subsidiaries' proportionate share in the underlying fair value of the net assets at the date of acquisition (goodwill).

All other investments are carried at cost.

c. Cash Equivalents

Time deposits with maturities of three months or less at the time of placement and not pledged as collateral for loans are considered as "Cash Equivalents".

d. Short-term Investments

In accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) No. 50 "Accounting for Certain Investments in Securities", securities held for trading or available-for-sale are stated at fair values. Any change in the market value of trading securities is credited or charged to operations, whereas any change in the market value of available-for-sale securities is presented as a separate component of the Stockholders' Equity and credited or charged to operations upon realization.

e. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company and its Subsidiaries provide allowance for doubtful accounts based on a review of the status of the individual receivable accounts.

f. Transactions with Related Parties

The Company and its Subsidiaries have transactions with certain related parties as defined under PSAK No.7, "Related Party Disclosures". Transactions between the Company and other state-owned companies are not deemed necessary to be disclosed as related-party transactions under PSAK No. 7.

All significant transactions with related parties are disclosed in the related notes.

g. Inventories

Inventories, except gold and silver which are stated at net realizable value, are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the weighted-average method. Allowance for inventory obsolescence is provided to reduce the carrying value of inventories to their net realizable values.

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h. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are charged to operations over the periods benefited.

i. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, except for certain assets revalued in accordance with government regulation, less accumulated depreciation (except landrights). Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Vears

Buildings	10 to 20
Land improvements	10 to 20
Plant, machinery and equipment	8 to 25
Vehicles	4 to 8
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	4 to 8

Construction in progress is stated at cost. The accumulated costs will be reclassified to the appropriate property, plant and equipment accounts when construction is substantially complete and the asset is ready for its intended use.

The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to income as incurred; significant renewals and improvements are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, their carrying values and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income for the year.

j. Impairment of Asset Value

In compliance with PSAK No. 48, "Impairment of Asset Value", asset values are reviewed for any impairment and possible writedown to fair value whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset value may not be recoverable.

k. Capitalization of Borrowing Costs

In accordance with the revised PSAK No. 26, "Borrowing Costs", interest, amortization of discount or premium, amortization of the related costs to obtain the loans and foreign exchange differences on loans which are used to finance the construction of major facilities are capitalized. Capitalization of these borrowing costs ceases when the construction is substantially complete and the assets are ready for their intended use.

I. Stock Issuance Costs

Effective January 1, 2000, based on the Rule No. VIII.G.7 dated March 13, 2000 of the Capital Market Supervisory Agency (BAPEPAM), expenses incurred in connection with the Company's offering of its shares to the public were charged to "Additional Paid-in Capital".

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m. Deferred Information System Development Cost

Cost of computer software purchased and the cost of subsequent updating thereof were deferred and are amortized using the straight-line method over 3 years.

n. Deferred Landright Costs

In accordance with PSAK No. 47, "Accounting for Land", costs incurred relating to the processing of the renewal of the legal title over the landrights were deferred and are amortized using the straight-line method over the legal term of landrights of 20 years.

o. <u>Deferred Exploration and Development Costs</u>

Exploration and development costs for a potential significant area of interest associated with a mineral deposit where the mining right is still valid and (i) such costs are expected to be recovered through exploitation or sale of proven reserves, or (ii) activities have not yet reached a stage permitting a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant exploration of the area of interest is continuing, are deferred and amortized upon commencement of commercial production using the unit-of-production method. These costs are expensed in the period during which the Company and its Subsidiaries determine that no future value is expected from the area of interest.

Management assesses the carrying value of deferred exploration and development costs annually. If the carrying value of deferred exploration and development costs is higher than the present value of estimated ore production during the remaining life of the mine or the period of the mining right whichever is shorter, the difference is charged to operations.

Costs relating to mining units currently being exploited and ongoing development expenditures to maintain production are charged to operations as incurred.

p. Environmental Protection and Rehabilitation

The Company and its Subsidiaries evaluate and accrue annually the costs of environmental protection and land rehabilitation programs related to their mining activities (shown under "Estimated Liabilities for Environmental Protection and Rehabilitation"), in compliance with the requirements of PSAK No. 33, "Accounting for General Mining". Costs related to mining activities during exploration and development stages are deferred and amortized upon the commencement of production based on the estimated economic life of the mine. Costs related to mining activities incurred during production are charged to current year's production expense. With the adoption of PSAK No. 33 in 1995, costs related to mining activities prior to 1995 were deferred and are amortized (charged to "Other Expenses") over the estimated economic life of the mine of 12 years.

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g. Retirement Benefits

The Company has a defined benefit retirement plan covering substantially all of its qualified permanent employees. The plan is funded through contribution of the employees and the Company. Employee contributions are computed at 5% of the employees' annual salaries including representation allowance, if any, and the Company's contributions are based on actuarial computations. Past service cost and experience adjustments are amortized over the average expected remaining working lives of existing employees of 7.79 years.

r. Postretirement Health Care Benefits

The Company has a defined contribution postretirement health care plan covering substantially all of its qualified permanent employees. Contributions are funded and consist of the Company's contributions computed at 7.5% and the employees' contribution computed at 5% of the employees' annual salaries.

The Company will continue to provide additional funds to cover all its pensioners, including their eligible dependents. The cost of providing these benefits is recognized when incurred.

s. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenue from sales is recognized at the time of shipment when the title passes to the customer, while revenue from services is recognized at the time the services are rendered. Sales of gold and silver are priced generally based on the London Bullion Market Association's quoted price at the date of transaction. Expenses are recognized when incurred (accrual basis).

t. Derivative Instruments

Effective January 1, 2001, the Company adopted PSAK No. 55 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". PSAK No. 55 establishes the accounting and reporting standards requiring that every derivative instrument (including certain derivatives embedded in other contracts) shall be recorded in the consolidated balance sheet as either an asset or liability measured at its fair value. PSAK No. 55 requires that changes in the derivative's fair value be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedges allow a derivative's gains and losses to offset related results on the hedged item in the consolidated statement of income, and requires that an entity must formally document, designate, and assess the effectiveness of transactions that receive hedge accounting treatment.

At January 1, 2001, the transition gain adjustment for the Company as a result of adopting PSAK No. 55 amounting to Rp 775,356 is immaterial and as such, is included in "Other Income - Others" in the 2001 consolidated statement of income.

Prior to 2001, realized gains and losses on such instruments are reflected in income for the year.

The Company does not engage in any speculative derivative transaction. Derivative instruments are used to manage certain market risks arising from fluctuations in commodity prices.

The Company does not apply hedge accounting but instead takes fair value adjustments on derivatives to net income.

For The Years Ended December 31, 2001 And 2000 (In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except As Otherwise Stated)

u. Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Transactions involving foreign currencies are recorded in Rupiah at the rates of exchange prevailing at the time the transactions are made. At balance sheet date, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are adjusted to Rupiah to reflect Bank of Indonesia's middle rate of exchange prevailing at such date. The resulting gains or losses are credited or charged to operations of the current year, except for foreign exchange losses capitalized as part of borrowing costs (see Notes 2k and 10) and those allowed to be capitalized into the carrying value of certain assets in accordance with the alternative treatment discussed in paragraph 32 of PSAK No. 10, "Transactions in Foreign Currencies".

At December 31, 2001 and 2000, the rates of exchange used are as follows:

1 United States Dollar 100 Japanese Yen	2001 (f	2000 (full amounts)		
	Rp	10,400 7,916	Rp	9,595 8.357
1 Canadian Dollar		6,544		6,389

v. Provision for Income Tax

In accordance with PSAK No. 46 on "Accounting for Income Taxes", the Company and its Subsidiaries recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities using tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to be realized.

w. Earnings per Share

Earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year of 1,230,769,000 shares.

3.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
	This account consists of:				
			2001		2000
	Cash on hand (including US\$ 6,331 and ¥815,256 in 2001 and US\$ 4,113 and ¥ 1,644,808 in 2000)	Rp	264,158	Rp	331,891
	Cash in banks PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) (including US\$ 1,147,711 in 2001 and US\$ 25,990 in 2000)		24,455,069		30,207,793

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		2001		2000
PT Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk (including US\$ 638,718 and ¥ 759,173 in 2001 and US\$ 1,427,812 and ¥ 1,060,096 in 2000) PT ING Indonesia Bank (including	Rp	6,702,810	Rp	14,165,424
US\$ 350,696)		-		28,266,477
Others (including US\$ 262,664 in 2001 and US\$ 689,189 in 2000)		3,294,558		7,140,996
Total cash in banks		34,452,437		79,780,690
Cash equivalents Time deposits PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) (including US\$ 49,000,000 in 2001 and US\$ 34,250,000 in 2000) PT Bank Universal Tbk Others (including US\$ 789,970 in 2001 and US\$ 1,503,974 in 2000)		690,600,000 - 22,842,688		491,628,750 30,000,000 17,752,628
Total time deposits		713,442,688		539,381,378
Gold in Value - NM Rothschild & Sons (US\$ 5,152,639 in 2001 and US\$ 9,096,846 in 2000) Total cash equivalents		53,587,443 767,030,131		87,284,237 626,665,615
Total cash and cash equivalents	Rp	801,746,726	Rp	706,778,196

Annual interest ranged from 11.25% to 17.98% in 2001 and from 8.5% to 13.3% in 2000 for Rupiah time deposits and from 5.56% to 6.92% in 2001 and from 5.5% to 6.92% in 2000 for US Dollar time deposits.

Gold in value represents funds in the form of gold maintained in NM Rothschild & Sons as a Debt Service Reserve Account which is restricted to be used only for payments of loan principal and interest installments required by the Gold Project Facility (see Note 17).

4. PROCEEDS ACCOUNT

As of December 31, 2001, this account represents the current account maintained in ING Bank N.V., Singapore (ING Singapore) amounting to US\$ 6,957,339 (equivalent to Rp 72,356,325) pursuant to the Amendment and Waiver of Gold Project Facility Agreement (see Note 17).

As of December 31, 2000, this account consists of a current account in PT ING Indonesia Bank amounting to Rp 162,094,110 (including US\$ 16,246,445) representing the proceeds from sales as required under the Gold Project Facility (see Note 17). In 2001, the account was terminated and replaced by the ING Singapore account described above.

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5. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

This account consists of investments in the following mutual funds:

		2000		
Melati US Dollar Yudistira	Rp	2,775,878 512,293	Rp	2,411,656 520,414
Total	Rp	3,288,171	Rp	2,932,070

Investment in Melati US Dollar mutual fund consists of 2,257,579 units. As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Net Assets Value (NAV) of the mutual fund per unit amounted to US\$ 0.118229 and US\$ 0.111334, respectively (full amounts).

Investment in Yudistira mutual fund consists of 1,324,749 units. As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the NAV of the mutual fund per unit amounted to Rp 386.71 and Rp 392.84, respectively (full amounts).

The net unrealized gain on the above available-for-sale investments, amounting to Rp 505,670 and Rp 149,569 in 2001 and 2000, respectively, is presented as "Unrealized Gains on Available-for-Sale Investments" under the Stockholders' Equity section of the consolidated balance sheets.

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - TRADE

This account consists of receivables arising from	n:			
	2001		2000	
Export sales (US\$ 10,471,089 in 2001 and US\$ 6,998,406 in 2000) Domestic sales (including US Dollar denominated receivables of US\$ 570,991	Rp	108, 899,321	Rp	67,149,700
in 2001 and US\$ 453,313 in 2000)		27,257,730		12,724,267
Total	Rp	136,157,051	Rp	79,873,967
The aging of the above receivables follows:				
		2001		2000
0 to 30 days 30 to 90 days over 90 days	Rp	107,201,003 23,121,643 5,834,405	Rp	75,277,780 4,576,026 20,161
Total	Rp	136,157,051	Rp	79,873,967

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The outstanding trade accounts receivable mainly arose from sales to Newco AG, Mitsui & Co., Sumitomo Co. Ltd., Nikkinko Trading Co. and Shandong Aluminium Corp.

Based on the review of the status of the individual receivable accounts at the end of the year, the Company's management is of the opinion that all receivables are fully collectible.

All trade receivables except those relating to in Gunung Pongkor Gold Mine, amounting to US\$ 4,120,000 have been pledged as collateral to the Working Capital Credit Facility from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) (see Note 13).

7. INVENTORIES

This account consists of:

	2001		2000	
Finished goods				
Nickel ore	Rp	77,925,302	Rp	62,751,882
Gold and silver		85,008,867		66,481,125
Bauxite ore		13,469,987		8,711,316
Iron sand		7,218,823		5,664,539
Gold and silver precipitates		5,785,118		4,721,147
Ferronickel		1,500,342		664,755
Other precious metals		1,480,378		962,638
Total finished goods		192,388,817		149,957,402
Work in process		5,325,785		2,695,094
Spare parts and supplies		58,789,227		86,296,236
Total	Rp	256,503,829	Rp	238,948,732

Inventories in Pomalaa and Pongkor mines as well as in Logam Mulia Refinery, totaling Rp 174,150,118, are covered by insurance against material damage and theft under blanket policies. The Company's management is of the opinion that the insurance is sufficient to cover possible losses from such risks. As of December 31, 2001, the sum insured is US\$ 7,490,675.49.

All inventories, except those inventories in Gunung Pongkor Gold Mine, amounting to US\$ 21,500,000, have been pledged as collateral to the Working Capital Credit Facility from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) (see Note 13). In addition, inventories amounting to Rp 48,039,674 and Rp 48,378,890, in 2001 and 2000, respectively, in Gunung Pongkor Gold Mine have been pledged as collateral to the Gold Project Facility (see Note 17).

8. PREPAID TAXES

This account consists of:

		2001		2000	
Value-added tax Others	Rp	25,178,812 -	Rp	41,446,423 4,457	
Total	Rp	25,178,812	Rp	41,450,880	

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9. INVESTMENT IN SHARES OF STOCK

This account represents the Company's investment in PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals with 17.5% ownership interest. This investment has been pledged as collateral to advances made by Newcrest Singapore Holding Pte. Ltd. (see Note 17).

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The details of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

2001 Disposals/ Ending Additions/ Beginning Balance Reclassifications Reclassifications Balance Carrying Value Land Rp 9,051,798 Rp 982,065 Rp Rp 10,033,863 Buildings 88.937,358 1,936,008 659,717 90,213,649 Land improvements 292,262,324 127,085,300 1,083,913 418,263,711 Plant, machinery and equipment 904,611,570 25,363,564 17,719,093 912,256,041 24,512,253 5,868,408 30,260,286 Vehicles 120,375 Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 10,390,508 4,538,045 45,639,235 51,491,698 1,365,014,538 171,625,853 Sub-total 24,121,143 1,512,519,248 Construction in progress 698,497 Buildings 903,108 204.611 Land improvements 96,678,598 12,943,142 95,300,870 14,320,870 Machinery and equipment 24,575,542 5,360,014 3,821,492 26,114,064 18,303,156 99,820,859 40,639,545 122,157,248 **Total Carrying Value** 1,487,171,786 189,929,009 123,942,002 1,553,158,793 **Accumulated Depreciation** 34,658,912 38,548,365 **Buildings** 4,189,443 299,990 Land improvements 77,112,025 35,305,283 946,218 111,471,090 Plant, machinery and equipment 259,593,714 63,478,261 11,071,729 312,000,246 Vehicles 11,563,220 2,835,107 114,867 14,283,460 Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 23,916,979 8,226,628 4,129,897 28,013,710 **Total Accumulated Depreciation** 114,034,722 16,562,701 504,316,871 406,844,850 Net Book Value Rp 1.080.326.936 Rp 1.048.841.922 2000 Beginning Additions/ Disposals/ **Ending** Reclassifications Balance Reclassifications Balance Carrying Value Land Rp 9,016,847 Rp 34,951 Rp Rp 9,051,798 Buildings 85,103,868 3,833,490 88,937,358 Land improvements 288,444,146 3,818,178 292,262,324

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2000

	Beginning Additions/ Balance Reclassifications		Disposals/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance	
Plant, machinery and equipment Vehicles Furniture, fixtures and office	Rp 870,482,410 19,299,930		Rp -	Rp 904,611,570 24,512,253	
equipment	31,066,951	14,572,284	-	45,639,235	
Sub-total	1,303,414,152	61,600,386		1,365,014,538	
Construction in progress					
Buildings	804,482	,	874,454	903,108	
Land improvements	81,668,231	16,657,480	1,647,113	96,678,598	
Machinery and equipment	2,472,138	22,403,577	300,173	24,575,542	
Sub-total	84,944,851	40,034,137	2,821,740	122,157,248	
Total Carrying Value	1,388,359,003	101,634,523	2,821,740	1,487,171,786	
Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings	30,677,953	3,980,959	-	34,658,912	
Land improvements	48,449,707	28,662,318	=	77,112,025	
Plant, machinery and equipment	188,928,071	70,665,643	-	259,593,714	
Vehicles	9,360,717	2,202,503	-	11,563,220	
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	17,692,425	6,224,554	<u>-</u>	23,916,979	
					
Total Accumulated Depreciation	295,108,873	111,735,977		406,844,850	
Net Book Value	Rp 1,093,250,130			Rp 1,080,326,936	

Depreciation charged to operations amounted to Rp 114,034,722 in 2001 and Rp 111,149,540 in 2000. Additions to the accumulated depreciation in 2000 include a reclassification from other assets amounting to Rp 586,437.

Additions in 2001 and 2000 include the reclassification of construction in progress of Rp 99,820,859 and Rp 2,821,740, respectively to the related property, plant and equipment accounts. Deductions in 2001 include the write-off of building, machinery, equipment and vehicles with net book values totaling Rp 6,226,878 (with a carrying value of Rp 20,933,455 and accumulated depreciation of Rp 14,706,577).

Construction in progress - land improvements, is 86.29% complete as of December 31, 2001 based on physical completion. Expenditures in 2001 reached 92.79% of the 2001 budget. As of December 31, 2001, construction in progress - Ferronickel III Project amounting to Rp 25,022,866 and the total Ferronickel III Project costs incurred cannot yet be determined, because the evaluation of the project is still ongoing by the foreign independent consultant (see Note 27i).

Property, plant and equipment with net book values totaling Rp 484,034,871 as of December 31, 2001 located in Gunung Pongkor Gold Mine are pledged as collateral to the Gold Project Facility (see Note 17). Land and building amounting to up to US\$ 1,832,000 and machinery and equipment amounting to up to US\$ 21,828,000 located in Pomalaa Nickel Mine are pledged as collateral to the Working Capital Credit Facility from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) (see Note 13).

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Property, plant and equipment are covered by insurance against destruction caused by fire or other risks under policies amounting to US\$ 430,147,630 and Rp 61,210,821 as of December 31, 2001 and US\$ 236,954,750 and Rp 113,407,095 as of December 31, 2000, which in the opinion of the Company's management, is sufficient to cover losses arising from such risks.

11. DEFERRED EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS

This account consists of deferred exploration and development costs for the following areas of interest (see Note 2o):

2001		2000	
Rp	10,671,824 7,072,560 686,341 - 45,178	Rp	7,052,506 6,621,906 644,941 13,466,459 212,461
	18,475,903		27,998,273
	46,641,234 46,288,421 14,722,758 6,173,560 1,200,486		42,904,189 27,666,425 14,722,758 6,173,560 1,200,486 268,030
(115,026,459 22,315,634)	(92,935,448 14,537,608)
	92,710,825		78,397,840
Rp	111,186,728	Rp	106,396,113
	(Rp 10,671,824 7,072,560 686,341 45,178 18,475,903 46,641,234 46,288,421 14,722,758 6,173,560 1,200,486 	Rp 10,671,824 Rp 7,072,560 686,341 45,178 18,475,903 46,641,234 46,288,421 14,722,758 6,173,560 1,200,486 115,026,459 (22,315,634) (92,710,825

Amortization of deferred exploration and development costs amounted to Rp 7,778,026 in 2001 and Rp 5,483,311 in 2000.

In 2001, the management of PT Antam Resourcindo decided to write-off certain deferred exploration costs related to exploration work in the Papandayan, Gunung Patuha and Cibaliung areas due to the uncertainty of their recoverability. In 2000, the write-off of deferred exploration costs related to the Cikondang, Petung Kriono and Gunung Tikukur areas. The write-off of deferred exploration costs amounting to Rp 15,291,293 and Rp 12,299,181 in 2001 and 2000, respectively, was charged to income as part of Exploration Expense.

In 2001, Buli Island entered the production stage.

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12. DEFERRED CHARGES

This account consists of: 2001 2000 Acquisition costs Information system development costs 21,790,170 14,374,211 Rp Rp Debt issuance costs 7,076,170 7,076,170 Others 2,445,063 2,258,231 Total 31,311,403 23,708,612

Accumulated Amortization Information system development costs 9.189.203 1.929.659 Debt issuance costs 5,628,772 4,342,195 Others 1,508,190 848,900 Total 16,326,165 7,120,754 Net 14,985,238 Rp Rp 16,587,858

Amortization of deferred charges amounted to Rp 9,205,411 in 2001 and Rp 3,375,332 in 2000.

13. SHORT-TERM BANK LOANS

This account consists of loans from:

		2001		2000	
ABN-AMRO Bank N.V., Jakarta (US\$ 7,000,000) PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) (US\$ 5,655,498 in 2001 and US\$ 6,687,617 in 2000)	Rp	72,800,000	Rp	67,165,000	
		58,817,184		64,167,690	
Total	Rp	131,617,184	Rp	131,332,690	

2004

2000

The promissory note issued to ABN-AMRO Bank N.V. bears annual interest ranging from 6.8% to 8.75% in 2001 and at 8.75% in 2000. The Company prepares promissory notes every 2 weeks with the last payment date on January 2, 2002.

The loan obtained from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) in 1999, represents a working capital credit facility which bears annual interest at 7.33% in 2001 and 8.92% in 2000. The latest extension term of this loan is from January 1 to December 31, 2001. In December 2001, the Company received approval for the temporary extension of the Working Capital Credit Facility to the period from January 1 to March 31, 2002. The loan is secured by the Company's inventories and receivables, except those in Gunung Pongkor Gold Mine, as the main collateral, and fixed assets in Pomalaa Nickel Mine, as the additional collateral (see Notes 6, 7 and 10).

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14. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE - TRADE

This account consists of payables arising from the purchases of goods and services from third parties and related parties (see Note 25).

15. ACCRUED EXPENSES

This account consists mainly of accruals for pension expenses (see Note 24); royalty and retribution; salaries, wages and other employee benefits; contractor costs; housing subsidies; utilities; and interest.

16. TAXES PAYABLE

This account consists of:

	2001		2000	
Income taxes Article 21 (withholding tax on employee				
salaries) Article 23/26 (withholding tax on rent and	Rp	2,702,797	Rp	12,725,834
others)		3,089,231		2,837,335
Article 25 (corporate income tax-monthly)		8,000,000		3,500,000
Article 29 (corporate income tax- annual)		38,970,938		138,518,364
Value-added tax (tax collector)		11,960,082		8,474,038
Land and building tax		37,399		<u>-</u>
Total	Rp	64,760,447	Rp	166,055,571

A reconciliation between income before provision for income tax, as shown in the consolidated statements of income, and estimated taxable income for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 follows:

		2001		2000	
Income before provision for income tax per consolidated statements of income	Rp	503,848,018	Rp	547,896,225	
Loss of Subsidiaries		18,722,742		14,575,213	
Income before provision for income tax attributable to the Company		522,570,760		562,471,438	

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	2001		2000	
Positive corrections:				_
Mining closure cost	Rp	10,247,572	Rp	8,258,955
Pension expense	'	5,843,199	•	39,977,276
Entertainment		5,743,065		3,795,510
Social activities		4,647,642		3,496,272
Write-off of property, plant				
and equipment		3,573,930		5,568,981
Termination benefits		2,861,172		-
Tax assessments and penalties		2,114,390		486,177
Books and magazines		1,491,625		1,400,609
Salaries, wages, bonus and employee				
benefits:				
 Other employee benefits 		1,135,144		1,773,932
 Post retirement health care expenses 		9,461,483		16,000,000
Membership fee		489,230		318,247
Education		286,013		387,226
Professional fees		-		3,570,491
Provision for doubtful account		-		1,480,830
Negative corrections:				
Interest income already				
subjected to final tax	(51,005,123)	(32,217,568)
Depreciation and amortization	(14,856,984)	(31,300,904)
Payment to pension fund	(6,868,762)	(5,873,512)
Professional fees	(3,186,691)		<u>-</u>
Estimated taxable income	Rp	494,547,665	Rp	579,593,960

The amounts of estimated taxable income for 2001 and 2000 as stated above conform with the amounts reported in the respective Annual Income Tax returns.

The computation of provision for current income tax and income tax payable follows:

	2001		2000	
Estimated taxable income	Rp	494,547,665	Rp	579,593,960
Computation of corporate income tax in 2001				
10% X Rp 50,000	Rp	5,000	Rp	-
15% X Rp 50,000		7,500		-
30% X Rp 494,447,665		148,334,300		-

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	2001		2000	
Computation of corporate income tax in 2000 10% X Rp 25,000 15% X Rp 25,000 30% X Rp 579,543,960	Rp	- - -	Rp	2,500 3,750 173,863,187
Provision for income tax		148,346,800		173,869,437
Prepayments of income taxes: Article 22 Article 23 Article 25		1,705,544 2,741,694 104,928,624		1,541,708 566,321 33,243,044
Total prepayments of income taxes		109,375,862		35,351,073
Income tax payable-Article 29	Rp	38,970,938	Rp	138,518,364

The computation of estimated deferred income tax on significant temporary differences between accounting and tax reporting bases of assets and liabilities using the maximum tax rate of 30% is as follows:

	2001		2000	
Deferred tax assets Accrued mining closure cost Accrued expenses Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable	Rp	5,551,959 3,808,420 444,248	Rp	2,477,687 4,213,744 444,248
Total		9,804,627		7,135,679
Deferred tax liabilities Property, plant and equipment		90,535,358		87,150,440
Deferred tax liabilities - net	Rp	80,730,731	Rp	80,014,761

In 2001 and 2000, IARL, Subsidiary, has not recognized any deferred tax asset in its financial statements due to uncertainty in its recoverability.

17. LONG-TERM DEBTS					
This account comprises loans provided by:					
		2001	2000		
The Gold Project Facility					
(43,274.9 oz.of gold in 2001 and 72,124.9 oz.of gold in 2000)	Rp	125,048,980	Rp	188,684,248	
Newcrest Singapore Holdings Pte. Ltd. (US\$ 3,854,102)		40,082,661		36,980,109	

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		2001	2000		
Government of the Republic of Indonesia (two-step loans obtained through contractors)	Rp	6,726,441	Rp	11,210,734	
Total Less current maturities The Cold Project Facility		171,858,082		236,875,091	
The Gold Project Facility (28,849.9 oz of gold) Government of the Republic of Indonesia		83,365,987		75,473,699	
(two-step loans obtained through contractors)		4,484,294		4,484,294	
Total current maturities		87,850,281		79,957,993	
Long-term portion	Rp	84,007,801	Rp	156,917,098	

The Gold Project Facility

On December 4, 1996, the Company entered into a Gold Project Facility agreement (the "Agreement") with Rothschild Australia Limited [subsequently changed to NM Rothschild & Sons Limited (NMR)], Bayerische Vereinsbank AG., Commerzbank International S.A., PT ING Indonesia Bank, Republic Mase Australia Limited (collectively referred to herein as the "Gold Lenders" and "Hedging Banks") with NMR, as the agent for the Gold Lenders (the "Agent"), whereby the Gold Lenders and Hedging Banks have severally agreed to make available to the Company the Gold Facility for an aggregate maximum gold value of US\$ 61,600,000 and a Hedging Facility. The facilities were obtained to finance the expansion of Gunung Pongkor Gold Mine (the "Project") and for other purposes as approved by the Gold Lenders.

Based on the Agreement, drawings under the Gold Project Facility during the period commencing on the date of the agreement up to the earliest of the Project completion date; June 30, 1998; or, early termination date, if any, (the "Availability Period") shall be repaid on each of the following repayment dates (the "Repayment Dates").

Repayment Dates	Percentage of Outstanding Principal on Each Repayment Date
June 30 and December 31, 1998 June 30 and December 31, 1999 June 30 and December 31, 2000	4.6875% 8.1250%
up to 2002 June 30, 2003	10.6250% 10.6250%

The Company may, on any day after the last day of the Availability Period up to the Repayment Date, switch the gold denominated outstanding liabilities to the US Dollar-denominated liabilities after giving due written notice to the Agent.

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Drawings under the facility bear interest at SIBOR plus Margin for the US Dollar-denominated liability and LIBOR less Gold Forward (GOFO) plus Margin for gold-denominated liability. Margin shall be equivalent to 2.5% during the period up to 90 days after the Project completion date and 2% thereafter. The loan is secured, among others, by the assignment of rights in connection with the Project's mining right and the fiduciary transfer of proprietary rights, i.e., products, inventories, plant and equipment (see Notes 7 and 10).

Under the terms of the Gold Facility, the Company is required to observe certain negative covenants which include, among others, restrictions on the following: (i) merger or consolidation with other entities; (ii) purchase or redemption of any of its issued shares; (iii) prior to the Project's completion date, declaration of dividends out of the proceeds of the Project, except those permitted payments to shareholders; (iv) disposal of the Project's assets; and (v) creation of security interest over the Project's assets. In addition, the Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios calculated using a computer model, including (i) loan life ratio of not less than 1.5 : 1.0; (ii) project life ratio of not less than 2.0 : 1.0; and (iii) annual debt service coverage ratio of not less than 1.25 : 1.0. The Company is also required to maintain a Proceeds account and a Debt Service Reserve account. The money withdrawn from such account is restricted only to certain permitted payments (see Note 4). The Company is also required to meet the Project Completion Date of June 30, 1999 to be certified by independent engineers, or such later date as may be agreed upon by the majority of the Gold Lenders. The Company is also required to facilitate the completion of third party technical review on a regular basis.

Based on its letter dated June 30, 1999, NMR has approved the extension of the Project Completion Date of June 30, 1999 to December 31, 2000 with additional requirements, among others, the opening of a second US Dollar Proceeds Account whereby the proceeds from sales and hedging in US Dollar currency will be credited to such account until the Project Completion Date.

Based on its letter dated March 23, 2001, NMR, as Agent, has obtained formal approval from the Gold Loan Syndicate members to waive the Project Completion Date until June 30, 2001, provided that no drawing shall be permitted from the Proceeds Account unless the loan has been fully provided for, until:

- a. the Independent Engineer Kilborn Engineering Pacific Limited completes its technical review of the Gunung Pongkor Gold Mine satisfactorily to the Lenders;
- b. an updated computer model is agreed between the Agent and the Company; and
- c. the Proceeds Account is shifted from Jakarta to Singapore.

Based on the Amendment and Waiver of the Agreement dated November 8, 2001, (i) US Dollar Proceeds Account is shifted to ING Bank N.V., Singapore; (ii) the determination of the project completion and withdrawal dates and the requirement for the project completion date are waived; (iii) the Gold Lenders agree to release the Company from the requirement to deposit all of the proceeds from sales and hedging in the Proceeds Account; (iv) the Company would at all times ensure that the balance of the Debt Service Reserve Account and/or the Proceeds Account is equivalent to at least 100 percent of the current Gold Loan outstanding at any time throughout the duration of the Agreement.

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Newcrest Singapore Holdings Pte.Ltd.

In accordance with the Joint Venture Agreement (Agreement) between the Company and Newcrest Singapore Holdings Pte. Ltd. (Newcrest), the Company's investment in the joint venture company, PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals (NHM), was advanced by Newcrest on behalf of the Company. The loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 2%, which has been accrued from the Bankable Feasibility Study Date. Prior to the Bankable Feasibility Study Date, Newcrest was solely and fully responsible for meeting all contributions for the expenditure of NHM and Newcrest had no recourse to the Company to have the Company contribute any funds whatsoever to such expenditure. As a condition precedent to Newcrest's obligation to make advances, the Company is obligated to deliver any of the acknowledgement of contingent Obligation, agreement to pledge shares and agreement to assign dividends. As of the reporting date, the Company has not yet delivered any of such acknowledgements/agreements. Repayment of the loan together with accrued interest and any aggregate amount shall be made in installments which shall be due only at the time of payment of any dividends that will become payable to the Company. A portion of any dividend, which is equal to 80% due to the Company as declared by NHM, shall be used as an installment for the payment of the loan. In the event the agreement is terminated, obligation to repay advances and all interest thereon shall survive to the extent only of the Company's shareholdings in NHM. The loan is secured by the Company's shares in NHM (see Note 9).

Government of the Republic of Indonesia

These loans were obtained by the Government from contractors and then lent out to the Company (two-step loans). The loans were used to finance the purchase of materials and services for the expansion of the Company's ferronickel project in Pomalaa, South East Sulawesi. The loan drawdowns were recognized by the Company upon the receipt of invoices from the related suppliers and contractors which were subsequently settled by the Government. The loan was converted into Indonesian Rupiah based on the exchange rate at the date of drawdown which was used as the basis of the Company in the recognition of the amount of its loan to the Government. The loans bear interest at 1% above the three months' average interest rate for Bank Indonesia certificates determined every June 15 and December 15 of the year. The last payment date is on June 15, 2003.

18. ESTIMATED LIABILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND REHABILITATION

This account represents accrued liabilities for estimated costs of environmental protection and rehabilitation of areas related to the Company's and its Subsidiaries' mining activities (see Notes 2p and 27b). The details of this account are as follows:

		2001	2000		
Balance at beginning of year Addition during the year Payments for actual expenditures during the year	Rp	24,103,306 13,543,179	Rp	15,566,265 9,623,171	
•	(3,128,423)	(1,086,130)	
Balance at end of year Less current portion (estimated provision to be		34,518,062		24,103,306	
applied next year)		3,042,360		2,971,542	
Long-term portion	Rp	31,475,702	Rp	21,131,764	

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19. CAPITAL STOCK AND RELATED EQUITY ACCOUNTS

The details of share ownership are as follows:

		2001			
Stockholders	Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid	Percentage of Ownership	Amount (In Full Rupiah)		
Preferred Stock (A Dwiwarna share) Government of the Republic of Indonesia Common Stock (B shares)	1	-%	Rp 500		
Government of the Republic of Indonesia Commissioner and Directors: Drs. Djoko Darmono	799,999,999	65.0000	399,999,999,500		
(Commissioner) Ir. D. Aditya Sumanagara	7,500	0.0006	3,750,000		
(President Director)	100,000	0.0081	50,000,000		
Drs. Ismail Tangka (Director)	1,549,000	0.1259	774,500,000		
Ir. Subagyo (Director) Public (each below 5%	100,000	0.0081	50,000,000		
ownership)	429,012,500	34.8573	214,506,250,000		
Total	1,230,769,000	100.0000%	Rp 615,384,500,000		
		2000			
Stockholders	Number of Shares Issued and Fully Paid	Percentage of Ownership	Amount (In Full Rupiah)		
Preferred Stock (A Dwiwarna share)					
Government of the Republic of Indonesia Common Stock (B shares)	1	-%	Rp 500		
Government of the Republic of Indonesia Commissioner and Directors: Drs. Djoko Darmono	799,999,999	65.0000	399,999,999,500		
(Commissioner) Ir. D. Aditya Sumanagara	7,500	0.0006	3,750,000		
(President Director)	100,000	0.0081	50,000,000		
Drs. Ismail Tangka (Director)	2,063,000	0.1677	1,031,500,000		
Ir. Subagyo (Director) Public (each below 5%	100,000	0.0081	50,000,000		
ownership)	428,498,500	34.8155	214,249,250,000		
Total	1,230,769,000	100.0000%	Rp 615,384,500,000		

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The Articles of Association provides the holder of the preferred stock with certain rights in addition to the rights held by a holder of common stock. Those rights include the right to vote on the election of the Directors and Commissioners and the right to approve amendments to the Articles of Association. The Stockholders' meeting may not proceed in the absence of the preferred stockholder. The preferred stock may not be transferred to any other party.

Additional paid-in capital represents the difference between the par value as stated in the Company's Articles of Association and the proceeds received from the stockholders in connection with the Company's initial public offering of its shares deducted with stock issuance costs.

As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the details of additional paid-in capital are as follows:

Net	Rp	340,987,784
Stock issuance costs	(46,704,316)
Additional paid-in capital from initial public offering	Rp	387.692.100

20. NET SALES

The details of net sales by type of products or services are as follows:

		2001	2000		
Mining products					
Ferronickel	Rp	617,238,810	Rp	682,160,308	
Nickel ore		473,194,073		332,825,577	
Gold		387,100,752		333,925,590	
Bauxite ore		142,232,166		119,898,087	
Silver		45,979,921		50,958,576	
Iron sand		30,314,588		20,308,606	
Other precious metals		1,090,174		698,535	
Sub-total Services Purification of precious metals and other		1,697,150,484		1,540,775,279	
service		38,073,626		25,533,673	
Total	Rp	1,735,224,110	Rp	1,566,308,952	

The details of net sales by geographical area and customers are as follows:

		2001	2000		
Export					
Mitsui & Co., Ltd.	Rp	279,573,791	Rp	145,626,879	
Newco AG		255,439,498		324,704,838	
Pohang Steel Corp.		167,399,914		197,282,862	

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	2001	2000		
Rp	Rp 61,023,223 634,551,164		289,863,401 528,966,979	
	1,397,987,590 337,236,520		1,486,444,959 79,863,993	
Rp	1,735,224,110	Rp	1,566,308,952	
	<u>.</u>	Rp 61,023,223 634,551,164 1,397,987,590 337,236,520	Rp 61,023,223 Rp 634,551,164 1,397,987,590 337,236,520	

. COST OF GOODS SOLD				
This account consists of:				
		2001		2000
Production Cost				
Materials used	Rp	412,797,825	Rp	306,956,907
Salaries, wages, bonus and				
employee benefits		151,932,138		208,686,889
Depreciation		108,929,123		107,088,875
Ore exploitation services		87,079,010		28,594,861
Transportation		63,614,799		21,494,336
Exploitation fee		50,927,409		41,253,618
Indirect labor		45,054,547		26,357,191
Rent		37,198,276		34,152,700
Processing fee		33,305,193		
Repairs and maintenance		22,166,463		16,123,972
Household appliances		19,336,419		17,519,566
Water and electricity		17,709,207		15,579,187
Insurance		12,032,018		9,339,908
Security		10,973,307		8,242,259
Amortization		10,791,504		6,737,821
Tax and retribution		6,473,342		5,044,829
Travel		3,625,367		3,737,925
Social activities		3,431,646		3,089,189
Others		38,783,392		31,079,175
Total Work in Process		1,136,160,985		891,079,208
Beginning of year		2,695,094		3,812,894
End of year		5,325,785		2,695,094
Cost of Production		1,133,530,294		892,197,008
Finished Goods		140.057.402		110 025 200
Beginning of year End of year		149,957,402 192,388,817		118,035,299 149,957,402
·		· · ·		
Cost of Goods Sold	Rp	1,091,098,879	Rp	860,274,905
			-	

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OPERATING EXPENSES				
This account consists of:		2001		2000
General and Administrative				
Salaries, wages, bonus and				
employee benefits	Rp	36,938,277	Rp	52,068,213
Mining closure cost		8,949,225		8,258,955
Amortization of information system				
development cost		7,259,544		1,929,659
Professional fees		5,576,241		11,851,829
Rent		5,295,321		5,034,751
Stationery and supplies		4,845,187		4,730,910
Office appliances		4,588,728		1,990,252
Travel		4,460,151		3,673,048
Depreciation		3,157,547		2,526,640
Service and maintenance		2,407,104		2,366,605
Postal and telecommunication		2,238,020		1,872,278
Bank charges		1,826,208		1,889,648
Training Water and electricity		1,719,124		760,336
Water and electricity Social activities		1,235,571 855,066		807,564 632,450
Tax and retribution		144,427		178,052
Others		4,740,008		5,677,524
Total		96,235,749		106,248,714
Selling		_		
Transportation		23,017,488		21,192,521
Representative Office - Tokyo		7,052,874		6,520,604
Insurance		2,102,691		3,055,244
Others		6,714,569		4,164,193
Total		38,887,622		34,932,562
Exploration		37,980,214		27,572,757
Total Operating Expenses	Rp	173,103,585	Rp	168,754,033

Exploration expenses consist mainly of write-off of deferred exploration and development costs, feasibility study and preliminary exploration costs, licenses and administrative costs.

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23. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company and its Subsidiaries classify their mining products into four core business segments: nickel, gold and refinery, bauxite and iron sand. Information concerning the business segments of the Company's and Subsidiaries' mining units follows:

		Net Sales				Gross Profit (Loss)				Income (Loss) From Operations			
Unit		2001		2000		2001		2000		2001		2000	
Nickel Gold and Refinery Bauxite Iron Sand Geology Head Office	Rp	1,090,432,883 472,244,473 142,232,166 30,314,588	Rp	1,014,985,886 411,116,373 119,898,087 20,308,606	Rp	426,735,030 161,219,625 52,939,656 3,230,920	Rp (519,510,917 148,991,273 44,511,267 6,979,410)	Rp (369,703,997 122,010,724 41,210,013 1,576,562 145,589) 63,334,061)	Rp (457,011,249 118,736,724 31,647,507 7,200,296 397,103 62,518,067	
Total	Rp	1,735,224,110	Rp	1,566,308,952	Rp	644,125,231	Rp	706,034,047	Rp	471,021,646	Rp	537,280,014	
		Net Incom	ne (Los	ss)		Total /	Assets						
Unit		2001		2000		2001		2000					
Nickel Gold and Refinery Bauxite Iron Sand Geology Head Office	Rp (355,935,785 146,705,677 40,312,563 276,361 3,012,538) 182,062,505)	Rp (446,590,901 103,008,842 31,803,271 8,720,293) 8,190,807) 181,336,953)	Rp	739,542,482 702,039,832 40,314,434 24,913,353 9,959,656 1,038,741,097	Rp	740,116,914 702,349,190 32,829,826 20,954,363 10,281,124 1,009,805,661					
Total	Rp	358,155,343	Rp	383,154,961	Rp	2,555,510,854	Rp	2,516,337,078					

24. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The Company has a defined benefit retirement plan covering substantially all of its qualified permanent employees. Under this plan, the retirement benefit will be paid based on the employees' latest basic salary and representation allowance, if any, and their number of years in service. Retirement benefits charged to operations, consisting of current service cost and amortization of past service cost and related adjustments, amounted to Rp 5,843,199 and Rp 39,977,276 in 2001 and 2000, respectively.

The retirement benefits for the year ended December 31, 2001 were based on the latest actuarial valuation dated February 28, 2002 of PT Wyatt Purbajaga, an independent firm of actuaries, using the "Projected Unit Credit Method" with the following assumptions:

Annual discount rate 12%
Annual rate of increase in compensation 5%

The plan assets are being managed by Dana Pensiun Antam (the "Fund") established on July 15, 1997. Based on the actuarial valuation mentioned above, the plan assets and actuarial liability are as follows:

		2001	2000		
Actuarial liability Fair value of plan assets	(Rp	216,175,527) (Rp 197,605,889	204,961,912) 187,758,057		

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	2001		2000	
Excess of actuarial liability over the				
fair value of plan assets	(Rp	18,569,638)	(Rp	17,203,855)
Unamortized past service cost		29,628,784		34,330,053
Unamortized experience adjustments	(20,508,906)	(27,601,521)
Accrued pension expense	(Rp	9,449,760)	(Rp	10,475,323)

On June 20, 2000, the Indonesian Ministry of Manpower issued Decree No. Kep-150/Men/2000 regarding the "Settlement of Work Dismissal and Determination of Separation, Appreciation and Compensation Payments by Companies". The Decree requires companies to pay termination, gratuity, and compensation benefits based on the employees' number of years of service provided the conditions set forth in the decree are met.

The Company's accruals in 2001 and 2000 already take into account the impact of the implementation of the above mentioned Decree.

25. RELATED PARTY ACCOUNTS AND TRANSACTIONS

The Company has engaged in transactions with related parties principally consisting of:

- a. Loan from the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, a shareholder (see Note 17).
- b. Rental of office space from and maintenance and cleaning service provided by PT Reksa Griya Antam, a subsidiary of Dana Pensiun Antam. Total costs incurred from these transactions amounted to Rp 5,548,382 in 2001 and 3,829,363 in 2000 (see Note 14). The shareholders of PT Reksa Griya Antam are the pensioners of the Company.
- c. Raw material purchases and equipment rental made from Koperasi Karyawan dan Pensiunan Aneka Tambang (Cooperative of the Company's Employees and Pensioners). Total raw material purchases and equipment rental amounted to Rp 56,601,375 in 2001 and Rp 32,020,369 in 2000 (see Note 14). The management and members of the Cooperative are the Company's employees.
- d. Mining contractor costs from PT Minerina Bhakti, a subsidiary of Dana Pensiun Antam, amounting to Rp 64.880,693 in 2001 and Rp 53,808,577 in 2000 (see Note 14). The shareholders of PT Minerina Bhakti are the pensioners of the Company.
- e. Mining contractor costs from PT Minerina Cipta Guna, a subsidiary of Dana Pensiun Antam, amounting to Rp 27,234,136 in 2001 and Rp 14,664,195 in 2000 (see Note 14). The shareholders of PT Minerina Cipta Guna are the pensioners of the Company.

The balances of accounts payable to related parties from the above transactions are shown below:

		2001	2000		
Accounts payable: PT Minerina Bhakti	Rp	12.339.003	Rp	416.427	
Koperasi Karyawan dan Pensiunan		12,000,000		,	
Aneka Tambang		2,412,297		1,746,485	

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		2001		2000	
PT Minerina Cipta Guna PT Reksa Griya Antam	Rp	1,606,474 218,854	Rp	967,536 13,777	
Total	Rp	16,576,628	Rp	3,144,225	
Long-term debt (including current portion) Government of the Republic of Indonesia	Rp	6,726,441	Rp	11,210,734	

26. DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME AND APPROPRIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS

As resolved during each of the Annual Stockholders' General Meetings in 2001 and 2000, the Company allocated its net income for the following purposes:

- Declaration of cash dividends to stockholders amounting to Rp 191,577,481 in 2001 and Rp 90,075,227 in 2000.
- Appropriation for general reserve including reserve for business development amounting to Rp 191,577,480 for 2001 and Rp 144,269,295 for 2000.

27. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a. Financial Obligations Under Various Mining Rights

As mining rights holders, the Company and its Subsidiaries are required to pay concession fees per hectare of mining rights explored, developed and extracted which are payable to the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Republic of Indonesia. The amount of concession fees is based on the type of mineral and the quantity of production.

b. Environmental Matters

The operations of the Company and its Subsidiaries have been, and may in the future be, affected from time to time in varying degrees by changes in environmental regulations. Their policy is to meet or, if possible, surpass the requirements of all applicable regulations issued by the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, by application of technically proven and economically feasible measures. Approvals were received from the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Republic of Indonesia for the environmental reports entitled Environmental Evaluation Study, Environmental Management Plan and Environmental Monitoring Plan. These reports provided information and preliminary plans on the Company's and its Subsidiaries' environmental program.

The Company and its Subsidiaries have made a provision for estimated environmental protection and rehabilitation costs (see Note 18).

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c. Derivative Contracts

Beginning in 1998, the Company has entered into hedging sales agreements with Rothschild Australia Limited [subsequently changed to NM Rothschild & Sons (Australia) Limited (NMR)], whereby the Company agreed to sell gold and silver to, and buy Rupiah and US Dollar from NMR, on a monthly basis at certain amounts based on mutual agreement.

The details of outstanding contracts as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

Maturity Date		Number of Contract	Total Quantity (Toz)	Contract Value per Toz (Rp)		Fair Value (Rp)	
Gold	January 31, 2002 – April 30, 2002	4	4,000	Rp	3,300	Rp	13,200,000
	January 31, 2002 – April 30, 2002 April 30, 2002 – October 31, 2002	4 7	4,000 3.500		3,470 3,215		13,880,000 11,252,500
	April 30, 2002 – October 31, 2002	7	3,500		3,215		11,532,500
	November 29, 2002	1	1,000		3,375		3,375,000
	Total	23					53,240,000
Silver	January 31, 2002 – September 30, 2002	9	90,000		49		4,410,000
	January 31, 2002 – September 30, 2002	9	90,000		50		4,500,000
	Total	18					8,910,000

In 1999, the Company entered into additional hedging sales agreements with NMR, whereby the Company agreed to sell nickel to, and buy US Dollar from NMR, at certain amounts based on mutual agreement with total contract value in 2000 amounting to US\$ 1,639,818 for 288 tons of nickel. This agreement was settled in the first quarter of 2001.

Changes in the fair value of derivative contracts as of December 31, 2001 amounting to Rp 3,606,141 were recognized in income for the year.

d. Company's Ownership in Contract of Work Companies

The Company has ownership interests in the following Contract of Work companies as follows:

	Percentage of Ownership	Status in 2001
PT Sorikmas Mining	25%	Continuing exploration*
PT Gag Nikel	25	Under negotiation for development project*
PT Galuh Cempaka	20	Feasibility study
PT Dairi Prima Minerals	20	Exploration
PT Flores Barat Mining	20	Termination of Contract of Work in progress

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	Percentage of Ownership	Status in 2001
PT Gorontalo Minerals	20	Exploration *
PT Sumbawa Timur Mining	20	Exploration *
PT Uncak Kapuas Mining	20	Exploration *
PT Ingold Maluku Satu	15	Termination of Contract of Work in
PT Bima Wildcat Minahasa	15	progress Exploration *
PT Pelsart Tambang Kencana	15	Exploration *
PT Weda Bay Nickel	10	Exploration *

^{*} Exploration activities temporarily suspended for safety reasons and because the mining area is declared to be in a protected forest area.

Based on the decision letter of the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Republic of Indonesia No. 2028K/20/MEM/2001 dated August 14, 2001 regarding the "Termination of Contract of Work between the Government of the Republic of Indonesia and PT Nusratim Mining in Ende residential, Sikka, Flores Timur and Alor, Nusa Tenggara Timur Province", the termination of the Contract of Work between the Government of the Republic of Indonesia and PT Nusratim Mining (where the Company has a 20% ownership interest) has been approved.

e. <u>Agreement for Feasibility Study and/or Establishment of Joint Venture to Undertake Exploration, Evaluation and Development Work</u>

The Company has entered into a joint venture agreement (JVA) with Herald Mining Group (HMG) to undertake exploration, evaluation and development work in relation to mining rights held by an affiliate of HMG covering areas located in North Sumatera as follows:

Mining Rights	Mining Rights Location	
KW99JLP005	Kendit	20%
KW98APP035	Parongil	20%

As of December 31, 2001, both mining rights area above are in the process of being merged with PT Dairi Prima Minerals' mining rights area disclosed under Note 27d above.

f. Joint Operation Agreement

On May 8, 2001, the Company entered into a joint operation agreement with PT Suvarna Bhumi Persada to undertake processing of quartz sand into gravel pack sand and fracturing sand, including marketing of such sand. Under this agreement, the Company shall provide funds amounting to US\$ 400,000. The term of this agreement is two (2) years and the Company has an option to extend it for another year. Under the agreement, the Company is entitled to receive 45% of the net income arising from such joint operation.

g. Sales Agreements

As of December 31, 2001, the Company has various commitments to sell certain products/commodities to various buyers at specified agreed quantities. The delivery of products will be for periods ranging from one (1) month to thirteen (13) years.

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h. Agreements to Undertake Exploration and Development Work on the Mining Rights

IARL, a Subsidiary, entered into several memoranda of understanding (MoU)/joint venture agreements (JVA) to undertake exploration and development work in relation to its mining rights through its Subsidiary, PT Antam Resourcindo as follows:

No.	Partners	Date of MoU/JVA	Mining Rights	Location	Area after Relinquishment (ha)
1.	PT Mitra Tambang Nusantara PT Yamabri Dwibakti Utama	November 15, 1996	DU.866* (KW.96PP0347)	Papandayan (West Java)	28,600
2.	Atapa Mineral Ltd. PT Oceanic Union Marine	February 13, 1996	DU.870* (KW.96PP0456)	Cikidang (West Java)	426
3.	PT Basya Tunggal Jaya Straits Resources Limited	May 17, 1996	DU.955* (KW.96PP00123) (KW.96PP00059)	Gunung Patuha (West Java)	26,720 4,514
4.	Atapa Mineral Ltd. PT Oceanic Union Marine	August 14, 1995	KW.96PP077*	Cikotok (West Java)	33,060
5.	Austindo Resources Corporation NL.	March 29, 1996	DU.1048 (KW.96PP019)	Cibaliung (West Java)	15,710
6.	Diadem Resources Ltd.	April 12, 1996	DU.1131* (KW.96PP0124)	Gunung Tikukur (West Java)	23,350

^{*} Exploration activities temporarily suspended for safety reasons and because the mining area is declared to be in a protected forest area.

Based on the decision letter of the Director General of General Mining No. 549.K/24.01/DJP/2000 dated October 26, 2000 regarding the "Revocation of Mining Rights for Exploitation, Transportation, Selling, Processing and Refinering (813/Jabar)", the revocation of Mining Rights owned by PT Panen Antam Emas (joint venture company between the Company and PT Panen Sumber Emas Agung) has been approved.

i. Ferronickel III Project

On November 21, 2000, the Company appointed Tessag Industrie-Anlagen GmbH as the proposed contractor for the Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) Contract of the Company's ferronickel III expansion project (the "Project").

In relation with the Project, on December 2000, the Company has entered into an Advisory Agreement with IKB Deutsche Industriebank AG (IKB), Dusseldorf, as the arranger, wherein IKB shall undertake the following:

- Advice during the initial due diligence phase.
- Assistance during the arranging phase of the Project's debt financing through the development of cash flow related financing plan adapted to the specific requirements of the Project.
- Structure and execute the appropriate long-term loan funding for the Project.

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In October 2001, Hermes Kreditversicherungs-AG (Hermes), a German Export Credit Agency (ECA), gave its preliminary approval of the Project Information Memorandum (PIM) which will be completed by IKB. Hermes also approved the appointment of a foreign independent consultant to evaluate the Project. As of December 31, 2001, the evaluation of the Project which is also a part of the financial closure process is still ongoing.

j. <u>Lawsuit</u>

The Company is a party to a lawsuit filed by PT Hardy & Kee Engineering ("Plaintiff") before the District Court of Central Jakarta, registered under Case No. 325/PDT.G/1999/PN.JKT.PST dated June 28, 1999. Pursuant to the said District Court decision dated December 7, 1999, the Court decided against the Company and required the Company to pay US\$ 4,268,076 in damages to the Plaintiff.

In response to such Court decision, the Company's legal counsel presented to the said District Court, Memorandum of Appeal No. 379/SRT/PDT/BDG/1999/PN/JKT/PST dated December 13, 1999. On May 16, 2000, in its memorandum No. 137/PDT/2000/PT DKI, the Jakarta High Court decided on the following, among others:

- Cancellation of the Central Jakarta District Court Decision No. 325/PDT.G/1999/PN JKT. PST. dated December 7, 1999.
- b. Rejection of all the Plaintiff's claims.
- c. Declaration of the termination of the cooperation agreement between the Company and the plaintiff as set forth in the agreement No. 3530/912/DAT/1997 dated September 29,1997 and its attachment.

The Plaintiff appealed to the Supreme Court of the Republic of Indonesia through its letter No. 325/PDT.G/1999/PN.JKT.PST Jo. No. 172/SRT.PDT.KAS/2000/PN JKT PST of October 26, 2000. The Company has also sent the counter memorandum of appeal to the Supreme Court of the Republic of Indonesia through the same registration number on November 8, 2000.

The Company's management is of the opinion that the settlement of this litigation will take considerable time and will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's future financial position and operating results.

28. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Company and Subsidiaries have monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, as follows:

	2001			2000		
	Foreign Currencies		Rupiah Equivalent	Foreign Currencies		Rupiah Equivalent
US Dollar	6,331	Rp	65,843	4,113	Rp	39,463
Japanese Yen	815,256		64,534	1,644,808		137,457
US Dollar	2,049,093		21,310,564	2,493,687		23,926,921
Japanese Yen	759,173		60,094	1,060,096		88,592
US Dollar	5,152,639		53,587,443	9,096,846		87,284,237
US Dollar	49,789,970		517,815,688	35,753,974		343,059,378
US Dollar	6,957,339		72,356,325	16,246,445		155,884,636
US Dollar	11,042,080		114,837,627	7,451,719		71,499,240
US Dollar	610,470		6,348,888	969,733		9,304,584
		Rp	786,447,006		Rp	691,224,508
	Japanese Yen US Dollar Japanese Yen US Dollar US Dollar US Dollar US Dollar	US Dollar 6,331 Japanese Yen 815,256 US Dollar 2,049,093 Japanese Yen 759,173 US Dollar 5,152,639 US Dollar 49,789,970 US Dollar 6,957,339 US Dollar 11,042,080	Foreign Currencies	US Dollar 6,331 Rp 65,843 Japanese Yen 815,256 64,534 US Dollar 2,049,093 21,310,564 Japanese Yen 759,173 60,094 US Dollar 5,152,639 53,587,443 US Dollar 49,789,970 517,815,688 US Dollar 6,957,339 72,356,325 US Dollar 11,042,080 114,837,627 US Dollar 610,470 6,348,888	US Dollar 6,331 Rp 65,843 4,113 Japanese Yen 815,256 64,534 1,644,808 US Dollar 2,049,093 21,310,564 2,493,687 Japanese Yen 759,173 60,094 1,060,096 US Dollar 5,152,639 53,587,443 9,096,846 US Dollar 49,789,970 517,815,688 35,753,974 US Dollar 6,957,339 72,356,325 16,246,445 US Dollar 11,042,080 114,837,627 7,451,719 US Dollar 610,470 6,348,888 969,733	Foreign Currencies Rupiah Equivalent Foreign Currencies US Dollar Japanese Yen US Dollar Japanese Yen US Dollar 2,049,093 21,310,564 2,493,687 21,310,564 21,310,

For The Years Ended December 31, 2001 And 2000 (In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except As Otherwise Stated)

		2001			2000		
		Foreign Currencies		Rupiah Equivalent	Foreign Currencies		Rupiah Equivalent
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Short-term bank loans	US Dollar	12,655,498	Rp	131,617,184	13,687,618	Rp	131,332,690
Accounts payable	US Dollar	492,818	•	5,125,312	202,640	•	1,944,335
Accrued expenses	US Dollar	2,200,404		22,884,197	1,422,481		13,648,705
·	Japanese Yen	69,063,431		5,466,882	, , , <u>-</u>		, , , <u>-</u>
Long-term loans	US Dollar	3,854,102		40,082,661	3,854,102		36,980,109
Gold in value	US Dollar	12,203,940		125,048,980	19,664,851		188,684,248
Sub-total				330,225,216			372,590,087
Net Assets			Rp	456,221,790		Rp	318,634,421
INCL MODELO			кр	430,221,790		КР	310,034,42

29. ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Indonesia continues to experience adverse economic conditions which started in 1997, mainly resulting from currency depreciation in the region, the principal consequences of which have been the lack of liquidity and volatile exchange and interest rates. Economic conditions improved somewhat in 1999. However, the country's economic conditions continue to be affected by uncertainties in the social and political situation. As of December 31, 2001, the Rupiah had weakened to Rp 10,400 to US\$ 1 compared to Rp 9,595 to US\$ 1 as of December 31, 2000.

The operations of the Company and its Subsidiaries have been affected by the economic conditions. Given the economic pressures on the Company's and its Subsidiaries' suppliers, the availability of certain materials and services used in the processing of the Company's and its Subsidiaries' products has tightened, thus, increasing related costs.

In response to the continuing adverse economic conditions, the Company and its Subsidiaries plan to adopt more stringent criteria in disbursing capital expenditures. Since a substantial portion of the Company's and its Subsidiaries' sales are denominated in US Dollar, management believes that the cash flows to be generated from future operations will be adequate to fund repayment of debts as they mature.

Recovery of the economy depends on measures that have been and will be undertaken by the Indonesian government, actions which are beyond the Company's and its Subsidiaries' control. It is not possible to determine the future effects of the economic conditions on the Company's and its Subsidiaries' liquidity and earnings.

30. SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE BETWEEN INDONESIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP) AND AUSTRALIAN GAAP

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in Indonesia, which vary in certain respects with Australian GAAP. The significant difference as it applies to the Company is the capitalization of foreign exchange loss.

For The Years Ended December 31, 2001 And 2000 (In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except As Otherwise Stated)

Indonesian GAAP allow capitalization of foreign exchange losses incurred on loans used to finance acquisition of assets resulting from severe devaluation against which there is no practical means of hedging. Such exchange differences are capitalized to the carrying amount of the related asset, provided that the adjusted carrying amount does not exceed the lower of the replacement cost and the amount recoverable from the sale or use of the assets.

Australian GAAP do not allow capitalization of foreign exchange losses on borrowings arising from a severe depreciation of the currency. These foreign exchange losses are charged to income under Australian GAAP.

31. RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY UNDER INDONESIAN GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP) AND AUSTRALIAN GAAP

The following is a summary of the significant adjustments to net income and stockholders' equity for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 which would be required had Australian GAAP been applied instead of Indonesian GAAP to the consolidated financial statements.

	2001		2000		
Net income per consolidated statements of income prepared under Indonesian GAAP Australian GAAP adjustments Increase (decrease) due to: Depreciation of the capitalized foreign exchange losses based on		358,155,343	Rp	383,154,961	
Indonesian GAAP		9,063,859		9,063,859	
Income tax related to above adjustment	(2,719,158)	(2,719,158)	
Net adjustment		6,344,701		6,344,701	
Approximate net income in accordance with Australian GAAP		364,500,044		389,499,662	
Net income per share (Full amount)	Rp	296	Rp	316	
Stockholders' equity per consolidated financial statements prepared under Indonesian GAAP Australian GAAP adjustments Increase (decrease) due to: Capitalization of foreign exchange	Rp	1,919,725,155	Rp	1,750,306,982	
losses - net	(76,408,569)	(85,472,428)	
Deferred tax liabilities	`	21,453,308	`	24,172,466	
Net adjustments	(54,955,261)	(61,299,962)	
Approximate stockholders' equity in accordance with Australian GAAP	Rp	1,864,769,894	Rp	1,689,007,020	

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PERUSAHAAN PERSEROAN (PERSERO) PT ANEKA TAMBANG Tbk AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For The Years Ended December 31, 2001 And 2000 (In Thousands Of Rupiah, Except As Otherwise Stated)

32. RECLASSIFICATION OF ACCOUNTS

The write-off of deferred exploration and development costs amounting to Rp 12,299,181 which is recorded as Others-Net (as part of Other Income (Charges)) in the 2000 consolidated statement of income was reclassified to Exploration expenses (as part of Operating expenses) to conform with the 2001 consolidated financial statements presentation which complies with the presentation of exploration and development costs under PSAK No. 33, "Accounting for General Mining".